

SYNTHESIS OF SOME NEW 1,5-BENZOTHAZEPINES CONTAINING 2H-1-BENZOPYRAN-2-ONE HETEROCYCLE

A. Prashant*, S. Srinivas Rao, K.S. Chowdary, and V.S.H. Krishnan
Dr. Krishnan's Laboratories, Plot.No.99, Prashnat nagar, Kukatpally, Hyderabad-072, India.

Abstract : A facile procedure has been developed for the synthesis of 2-aryl/heteryl-4-(2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepines (**5a-o**) by the reaction of 1-(2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-3-aryl/heteryl-2-propenones (**3a-k**) with 2-aminothiophenols (**4a,b**) in toluene in the presence of trifluoroacetic acid.

Introduction

Synthesis of 1,5-benzothiazepine derivatives has gained much significance owing to their wide range of biological activities like coronary vasodilatory¹, tranquilizer^{2,3}, antidepressant⁴, antispasmodic⁵, neuroleptic⁶, anticonvulsive³, and CNS activity⁷. 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one(coumarin) derivatives find wide pharmacological applications. Literature survey reveals that 1,5-benzothiazepine derivatives synthesized so far have an alkyl or aryl groups but not a heterocyclic moiety on the benzothiazepine nucleus at 4-position. It was therefore thought of to incorporate heterocyclic moieties into 1,5-benzothiazepines. Earlier, we reported⁸, synthesis of some new 1,5-benzothiazepines having a α -pyrone moiety at 4-position. In continuation of our work on the synthesis of new 1,5-benzothiazepines, we report here synthesis of some new 1,5-benzothiazepines containing 2H-1-benzopyran-2-one heterocycle from 1-(2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-3-aryl/heteryl-2-propenones (**3a-k**) and 2-aminothiophenols (**4a,b**).

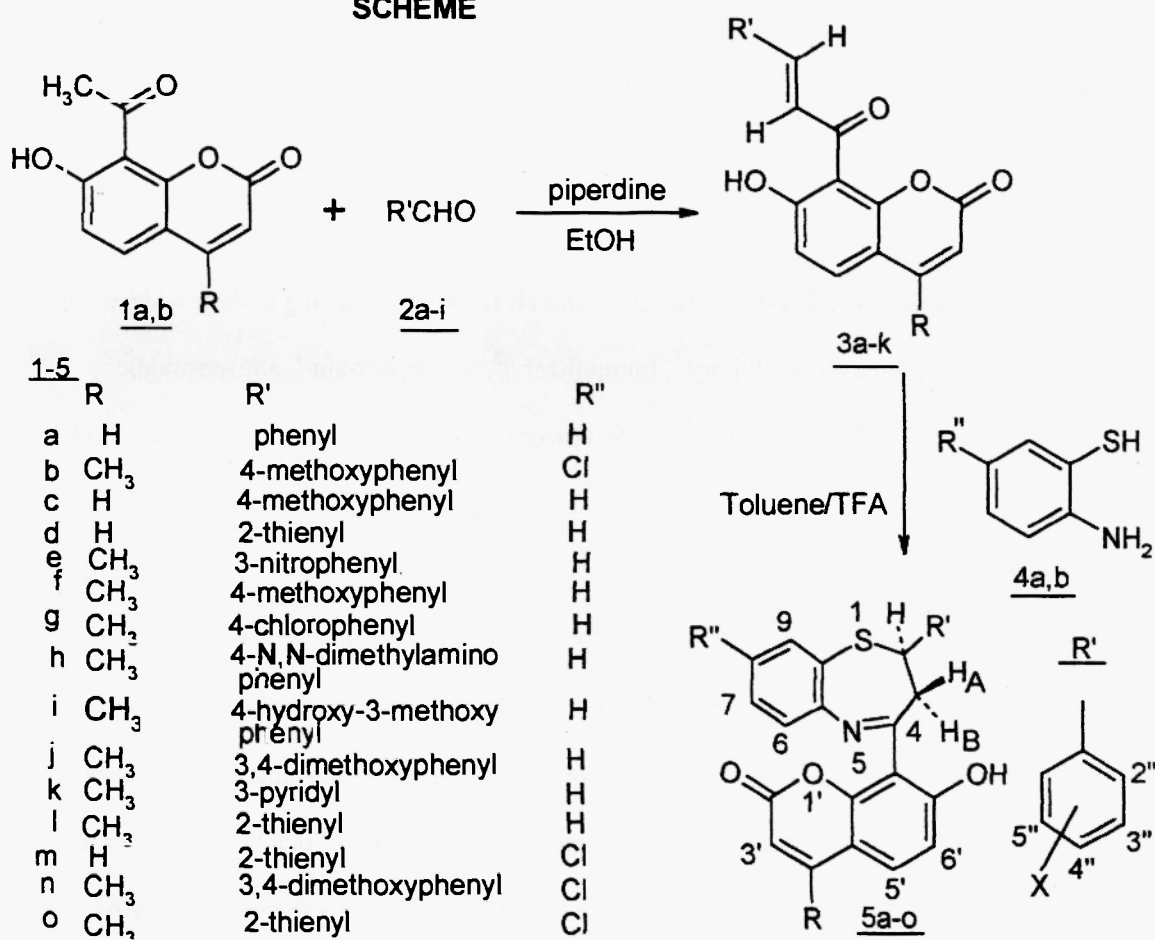
Results and Discussion

The required starting materials, 8-acetyl-7-hydroxycoumarin (**1a**) and its 4-methyl derivative (**1b**) have

To whom correspondence should be addressed.

been prepared⁹ by the Fries migration of 7-acetyloxycoumarin and 7-acetyloxy-4-methylcoumarin respectively. On condensation of 8-acetyl-7-hydroxy 2H-1-benzopyran-2-ones(coumarines) (**1a,b**) with aromatic aldehydes (**2a-i**) in ethanol in the presence of piperidine afforded 1-(2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-3-aryl/heteryl-2-propenones (**3a-k**) whose physical and spectroscopic data is comparable with literature data¹⁰. 2-Propenone derivatives (**3a-k**) on stirring and refluxing with 2-aminothiophenols (**4a,b**) in toluene in the presence of few drops of trifluoroacetic acid afforded the corresponding 2-substituted-4-(7-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepines (**5a-o**) in

SCHEME



moderate to good yields. Structures of these compounds have been elucidated from elemental analysis, IR and proton NMR spectral data. A C=N band characteristic for such 2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepines has been observed between $1600\text{--}1616\text{ cm}^{-1}$. In the proton NMR spectra, chemical shift values, coupling constants and multiplicity of protons attached to carbon atoms C-2 and C-3 unequivocally prove the structure of new 1,5-benzothiazepines. In the proton NMR spectra of all the compounds synthesized a triplet signal was found at 2.98-3.00 ppm with coupling constant 12.4 Hz and a double doublet signal at 3.8 ppm with coupling constants 12.4 and 4.4 Hz. These signals can be assigned to the H_A and H_B protons of C-3 atom of 1,5-benzothiazepines. While a double doublet signal was found at 5.8-6.1 ppm with coupling constants 15.3 and 4.4 Hz belong to the proton of C-2 atom. All the 1,5-benzothiazepines synthesized were characterized by mp's, ^1H NMR and IR data (Table). The biological activity testing of these new 1,5-benzothiazepines is under process and the results will be published elsewhere.

In conclusion, few new 1,5-benzothiazepines containing an important heterocycle (2H-1-benzopyran-2-one) have been synthesised in a facile manner in a one step process.

Experimental

Melting points were taken in capillary tube and are uncorrected. Proton NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Gemini 200MHz Spectrometer in CDCl_3 . Proton chemical shift values are reported in δ (ppm), down field from TMS which is an internal standard and J values are in Hertz. IR spectra were obtained as KBr pellets. Purity of the compounds was checked by TLC on silica gel G plates. Spots are located under UV light.

8-Acetyl-7-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one (1a) : This was prepared by Fries migration of acetyl group of 7-acetyloxy coumarin which was prepared by acetylation of 7-hydroxy coumarin which in turn was prepared from resorcinol and malic acid by following the literature method¹¹.

Fries migration of 7-acetyloxy coumarin : 7-Acetyloxy coumarin (10.2g, 0.05M) and aluminium chloride (20g, 0.15M) were taken in a RB flask and shaken well to mix the contents. Initially the temp. was maintained at 125°C and slowly it was raised to 175°C over a period of 2 hrs. It was cooled and decomposed with 1:7 HCl (160ml) and the solid separated was filtered, washed with cold water. It was crystallized from 95% ethanol to get pure 8-acetyl-7-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one 1a, 5g, mp 162°C .

8-Acetyl-7-hydroxy-4-methyl-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one⁹ (1b) and 5-chloro-2-aminothiophenol¹² (4b)

These two compounds were made by following the reported literature methods.

1-(2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-3-aryl/heteryl-2-propenones (3a-k) : General Procedure. A mixture of 8-acetyl-7-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one (**1a,b**, 0.01M) and aromatic aldehyde (**4a-i**, 0.012M) in 30ml ethanol in the presence of 0.3ml piperidine was refluxed for 3-4 hrs. While refluxing yellow to red solids precipitated out. After the reaction is complete (tlc monitoring), half of the ethanol was removed under reduced pressure and cooled to RT. The solid separated was filtered, washed with cold ethanol and crystallized from alcohol to obtain compounds **3a-k**. Physical and spectroscopic characteristics of these compounds were respondent to known data¹⁰.

2-Aryl/heteryl-4-(7-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,5-benzothiazepines (5a-o)

General Procedure. 1-(2H-1-benzopyran-2-one-8-yl)-3-aryl/heteryl-2-propenones (**3a-k**, 0.01M) was dissolved in hot toluene (50 ml) and to this solution was added 2-aminothiophenol (**4a,b**, 0.012M) and few drops of trifluoroacetic acid. The mixture was refluxed on a steam bath for 4-6 hrs. After completion of the reaction (tlc monitoring), toluene was completely removed under reduced pressure and 30 ml of ethanol was added and cooled to 10°C. The solid separated was filtered and washed with cold ethanol and dried. They were crystallized from ethanol or column chromatographed to get pure 1,5-benzothiazepine derivatives (**5a-o**). Physical and spectral data were recorded in table.

Physical & spectral data of 1,5-benzothiazepines, **5a-o**

Compd.,	mp	yield (%)	¹ H-NMR (200 MHz, CDCl ₃), ppm.
5a	214	52	3.00 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.8 (1H,dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.2,4.4,H-2), 6.3 (1H,d,J=10,H-3'), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.7 (1H,d,J=10,H-4'), 7.4-7.6 (3H,m,H-6,7,8) & 7.8 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5b	186	58	2.45 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 3.8 (3H,s,OCH ₃ -4''), 2.95 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.72 (1H,dd,12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.2 (1H,s,H-3'), 6.85 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-3'&5'), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.1 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.5 (2H,m,H-6,7), 7.6 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-2''&6''), 7.8 (1H,d,J=2.4,H-9).
5c	180	60	3.00 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.75 (1H,dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3) 3.8 (3H,s,OCH ₃ -4''), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2) 6.3 (1H,d,J=10.00,H-3'), 6.85 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-3''&H-5'') 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.4-7.45 (3H,m,H-6,7,8), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.6 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-2''&6''), 7.8 (1H,d,J=10,H-4') & 7.85 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5d	226	65	3.00 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.9 (1H,dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3) 6.1 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.35 (1H,d,J=10,H-3') 6.98 (2H,m,H-6',H-4''), 7.4 (3H,m,H-7,8,3''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.6 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.7 (1H,d,J=10,H-4'), 7.85 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).

5e	236	70	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.9 (1H,t,12.4,H _A -3), 3.8 (1H,dd,J=12.4, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.1 (1H,s, H-3'), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.6 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.7 (2H, m,H-2'' & 4''), 7.2 (2H,m,H-5'' & 6''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6), 7.6 (2H,m,H-7,8) & 7.81 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5f	170	55	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.9 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.7 (1H,dd, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 3.78 (3H,s,OCH ₃ -4''), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3, 4.4,H-2), 6.1 (1H,s,H-3'), 6.9 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-3'' & 5'') 7.6 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-2'' & 6''), 7.4-7.5 (3H,m,H-6,7,8) & 7.85 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5g	172	50	2.35 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.9 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.7 (1H, dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.1 (1H,s,H-3'), 7.4-7.5 (7H,m,H-2'',3'',5'',6'',6,7,8) & 7.8 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5h	188	58	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 3.5 (6H,s,N(CH ₃) ₂), 2.9 (1H,t,J=12.4, H _A -3), 3.7 (1H,dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3, 4.4,H-2), 6.1 (1H,s,H-3'), 7.00 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-3'' & 5''), 7.6 (2H,d,J=8.5,H-2'' & 6''), 7.4-7.6 (3H,m,H-6,7,8) & 7.89 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5i	230	70	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.9 (1H,t,12.4,H _A -3), 3.8 (1H,dd, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 3.9 (3H,s,OCH ₃ -3''), 5.8 (1H,dd, J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.2 (1H,s,H-3'), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.6 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 6.8 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.2 (1H,d, J=8.5,H-2''), 7.45 (3H,m,H-7,8,6''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6), 7.82 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5j	218	70	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4), 2.8 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.7 (1H,dd, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 3.8-85 (6H,2 X OCH ₃), 5.8 (1H,dd, J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.15 (1H,s,H-3'), 6.8 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.0 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.2 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-2''), 7.6 (1H,d, J=8.5,H-5'), 7.3 (3H,m,H-7,8,6''), 7.8 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5k	235	66	2.45 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.9 (1H,d,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.7 (1H,dd, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.15 (1H,s, H-3'), 6.95 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.3 (3H,m,H-7,8&5''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6''), 7.6 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), 7.8 (1H,d,J=8.5, H-6), 8.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,J=8.5,H-9), 8.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-4'') & 8.9 (1H,s,H-2'').
5l	210	68	2.45 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.95 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.85 (1H,dd, J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 6.1 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.15 (1H,s,

			H-3''), 7.65 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 6.95 (1H,m,H-4''), 7.15 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.35 (3H,m,H-7,8,3''), 7.5 (1H,bd,J=8.5,H-6), 7.7 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-9).
5m	230	55	3.00 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.9 (1H,dd,J=12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 6.1 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.34 (1H,d,J=10,H-3), 7.6 (1H,d,J=10,H-4'), 6.9 (2H,m,H-6'&H-4''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=10,H-5''), 7.3 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6), 7.5 (1H,dd,J=8.5,2.5,H-7) & 7.8 (1H,d,J=2.5,H-9).
5n	226	61	2.45 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.90 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.75 (1H,dd,J=12.2,4.4,H _B -3), 3.85-3.9 (6H,s,OCH ₃ X 2), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.15 (1H,s,H-3'), 6.82 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.15 (1H,dd,J=8.5,2.3,H-6''), 7.3 (2H,m,H-6,2''), 7.5 (1H,dd,J=8.5,2.5,H-7), 7.89 (1H,d,J=2.5,H-9).
5o	218	63	2.4 (3H,s,CH ₃ -4'), 2.94 (1H,t,J=12.4,H _A -3), 3.72 (1H,dd,12.4,4.4,H _B -3), 5.8 (1H,dd,J=15.3,4.4,H-2), 6.2 (1H,s,H-3'), 6.95 (1H,m,H-4''), 7.00 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6'), 7.15 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5''), 7.36 (2H,m,H-7,3''), 7.5 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-6), 7.6 (1H,d,J=8.5,H-5'), & 7.8 (1H,d,J=2.5,H-9).

All the compounds gave satisfactory elemental analysis

References

1. K. Hiroshi, T. Satoshi and M. Masanori, *Jap. Pat.*, 7208,544 (1972); *Chem. Abstr.*, **77**, 5554h (1972).
2. J. Krapcho, *Chem. Abstr.*, **71**, 11300k (1969).
3. H. Inoue and H. kugita, *Chem. Abstr.*, **90**, 1378r (1979).
4. H.M. Geyer, N. Hatzman and J.P. Buckley, *J. Pharmacol. Sci.*, **59**, 964 (1970); *Chem. Abstr.*, **73**, 75424 (1970).
5. J. Krapcho, *U.S. pat.*, 3,361,750 (1968); *Chem. Abstr.*, **69**, 36194e (1968).
6. J.B. Benz, P. Jean and H. Winker, *Chem. Abstr.*, **71**, 50010g (1969).
7. M. Nakunishi, G. Hasegawa and T. Furuta, *Chem. Abstr.*, **76**, 59675w (1972).
8. K. Sucheta, A. Prashant and N. Ramarao, *Indian J. Chem.* **34B**, 893 (1995).
9. E.C. Horning, *Organic Synthesis*, Coll. Vol. 3, John Wiley and sons Inc., London, 281 (1955).
10. M.S.Y. Khan and Poonam Sharma, *Indian J. Chem.*, **32B**, 374 (1993).
11. M. Kanakalingeshwar Rao, *Ph.D. thesis*, Osmania University (1976).
12. R.L. Mittal and Suresh Kumar Jain, *J. Chem. Soc. C*, 2148 (1969).

Received on October 25, 2000